## 2020

# AUSTRALIA'S GENDER HEALTH TRACKER 

A brief report card on preventable chronic diseases, conditions and their risk factors by gender Tracking progress towards a healthier 2025

## VICTORIA <br> UNIVERSITY



Males are more likely than females to:


Consume fewer fruit and vegetables


Be overweight/obese


Drink at 'risky levels'


Females are more likely than males to:


Feel depressed


Have higher levels of anxiety
§

Live with more than two chronic conditions

Regardless of gender, greater investment into the shared risk factors unhealthy diet, physical inactivity, smoking and harmful use of alcohol is vital

## Gender matters in policy and practice

This report card looks at the health of Australian women and men in relation to health risk factors and chronic diseases. Australia's Gender Health Tracker is a companion report card and should be read in conjunction with the Australia's Health Tracker 2019.



## CIRCULATORY SYSTEM DISEASE




We have known for a long time that women and men experience unique health concerns. On average, Australian women tend to live longer compared to men but are likely to live with multiple chronic conditions. Men, especially young men, often engage in risky health behaviours and die prematurely from injury rather than living with disease.

This gender disparity is not unique to Australia. Countries with reliable health data collection also report that women live longer than men.

The purpose of this report card is to graphically highlight how women and men's health needs are different and that policies and services must recognise gender as a significant factor in health risk and outcomes.

An earlier (2015) report produced by the Mitchell Institute highlighted that current policy, funding and service models are failing women and therefore having serious impacts on social and economic consequences including unemployment, reduced productivity and increased costs of healthcare and welfare. We must also make sure that men live better.


FRUIT AND VEGETABLE CONSUMPTION


SUGAR SWEETENED BEVERAGES


The recent release of the National Women's and Men's Health strategies will provide a platform to drive improvement in the health and wellbeing of men and women in Australia. Both strategies also recognise the importance of the multiple areas of intervention points and opportunities at each life stage for health promotion, illness prevention, early intervention and treatment as well as promotion of self-care.

Regardless of gender, it is vital to address the shared and modifiable risk factors for chronic disease: unhealthy diet, physical inactivity, smoking and harmful use of alcohol. These risk factors can and do lead to increased levels of chronic disease and higher risk of early death from preventable causes.

Improvement and commitment to these areas, with a gendered approach across the life course, should be a priority for future health policies.

The 2025 targets for a healthier Australia have been developed through the collective effort and guidance of Australia's leading scientists, researchers and clinicians.

A gendered approach on future health policy and practice will benefit every one, address the gender disparities and improve health and societal outcomes.


## OVERWEIGHT OR OBESITY

TARGET 2025
61.1\%



HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE


The Australian Health Policy Collaboration led by the Mitchell Institute for Education and Health Policy works with and supports a collaborative network of organisations and leading chronic disease experts, bringing together Australia's leading thinkers to translate rigorous research into good policy.

The national collaboration has developed health targets and indicators for 2025 that together, will reduce preventable chronic diseases and reduce the health impacts of chronic conditions.
Australia's Health Tracker and Getting Australia's Health on Track are the policy focussed reports compiled by the national collaboration. Australia's Gender Health is the latest report card as part in the Australia's Health Tracker series.

More than 50 organisations continue to support a systemic and sustained approach to the prevention and management of chronic diseases in Australia.

> Australia needs a healthier future for all. We can, and we must, do better.

## Technical note

Technical details are available at https://www.vu.edu.au/mitchell-institute.

## Preferred citation

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## Collaborating Organisations

Alliance for Research in Exercise, Nutrition and Activity (ARENA)
Australia and New Zealand Obesity Society
Australian Centre for Health Research (ACHR)
Australian Dental Association
Australian Disease Management Association
Australian Federation of AIDS Organisations
Australian Health Care Reform Alliance (AHCRA)
Australian Indigenous HealthInfoNet
Australian Institute for Musculoskeletal Science
Australian Health Promotion Association
Australian Healthcare \& Hospitals Association
Australian Physiotherapy Association
Australian Psychological Society
Australian Women's Health Network
Baker IDI Heart and Diabetes Institute
Better Health Plan for the West
Brimbank City Council
Cabrini Institute
Cancer Council Australia
Catholic Health Australia
Charles Perkins Centre, University of Sydney
Chronic Illness Alliance
Caring \& Living As Neighbours
CoHealth
Confederation of Australian Sport
CRANAplus
Deakin University
Diabetes Australia
Foundation for Alcohol Research and Education
George Institute for Global Health
HealthWest Partnership
Inner North West Primary Care Partnership
Jean Hailes for Women's Health
Kidney Health Australia
Lowitja Institute
Mental Health Australia
MOVE Muscle, Bone \& Joint Health
National Heart Foundation
National Rural Health Alliance
National Stroke Foundation
NCDFREE
Network of Alcohol and other Drugs Agencies
Obesity Australia
Overcoming Multiple Sclerosis
People's Health Movement OZ
Public Health Association of Australia
Royal Flying Doctor Service
School of Medicine, University of Notre Dame
School of Psychology and Public Health, La Trobe University
Services for Australian Rural and Remote Allied Health
Social Determinants of Health Alliance
South Australian Health \& Medical Research Institute
Suicide Prevention Australia
The Telethon Institute for Kids
Victorian Health Promotion Foundation
Victoria University
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